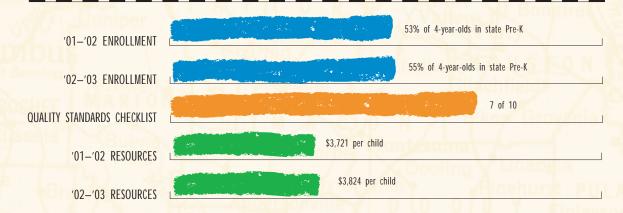
Georgia



he Georgia Prekindergarten Program was the first preschool program in the country to offer enrollment to all 4-year-olds. This lottery-funded program began operating in 1993, and opened for unrestricted voluntary enrollment in 1995. Despite universal eligibility, the program served just over half of the state's 4-year-olds in 2001–2002, with an additional 9 percent enrolled in the federal Head Start program. Georgia's prekindergarten program is offered in each of the state's school districts through a combination of public and private providers. Some providers offer additional services for at-risk families through a resource coordination grant. In 2001–2002, the Office of School Readiness awarded more than 300 such grants, totaling \$18,400,000.

The reimbursement rate structure of Georgia's prekindergarten program provides an incentive for programs to employ teachers with higher qualifications. In 2003–2004, a private prekindergarten program in a metropolitan area is reimbursed \$2,951 per pupil if the teacher has a vocational degree, \$3,177 per pupil if the teacher has a four-year degree, and \$3,566 per pupil if the teacher is certified. As of 2001–2002, 80 percent of teachers in the program had at least a BA. Reimbursement rates also depend on the location and type of program. Private programs located in metropolitan areas are reimbursed at a higher rate than those in non-metropolitan areas, and all private programs are reimbursed at a higher rate than public school programs.

In 2002–2003, there were 65,900 4-year-olds in the Georgia Prekindergarten Program, which was funded at \$252,000,000.



ACCESS

otal state program enrollment	63.613	STATE PRE-K AND HEAD STAF	RT <mark>e</mark> nrollment as per Population
chool districts that offer state program	100% ¹	3-YEAR-OLDS	4-YEAR-OLDS
ncome requir <mark>e</mark> ment	None		
ours of operation	- Full-day, full-week		7 100
perating schedule	Academic year		
oecial education enroll <mark>m</mark> ent	8,920	88%	
ederally-funded Head Start enrollment	21,958	2%	
tate-funded Head Start enrollment	0	10%	The same of the sa
		≠ HdSt ← Pre-K	— SpEd → Other/No

QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST

POLICY	STATE PRE-K	REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	DOES	REQUIREMENT	MEET BENCHMA	RK?
Curriculum s	tandards Not	comprehensive	Comprehensive				
Teacher degree	ee requirement AA or Mon	tessori diploma ²	BA				
Teacher speci	alized training requirement Degree	in ECE or meet	Specializing in EC	V			
	Montesso	r <mark>i requirements ²</mark>					end a
Assistant teach	ner degree req <mark>uirement - HSD or equival</mark> e	ent + some exp.	CDA or equivalent			TOTAL:	7
Teacher in-se	rvice requirement	15 clock hours ³	At least 15 hours/year	4		TOTAL.	
Maximum cla	ss size		20 or lower	V		7	
,	t 2b						
4-year-old		20				of 10	
Staff-child ra	tio		1:10 or better	V			10
	ds 2b						
4-year-old	t 2b	1:10		\ ,			
Screening/refe	erral requirements Vision, h <mark>e</mark> ar	ing, and health	Vision, hearing, and health	V			
Family suppo	rt service <mark>requirements 2 par</mark>	rent conferences 4	At least 1 service	Y			
Meal requirer	nents	Lunch 5	At least 1/day	V			

RESOURCES

ISMO MICHORS	Mersi	SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED								
Total state Pre-K spending	\$236,700,000				\$3	,721				
Local match required?	No	PRE-K*				+	Mgui		Eas	OT O
State spending per child enrolled	\$3,721		9.6			174	\$6,908			
State spending per 3-year-old	\$0	HDST	ten et		· Marie III	in other	1 -			
State spending per 4-year-old	\$1,9 <mark>8</mark> 7		25				e. ;	\$9,052		
		K-12**	Committee of the commit							
 Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are n K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures. 			0	2	4	6 \$ th	8 nousands	10	12	14
Data are for the '01-'02 school year, unless otherwise noted	1055/		Sta	te Contr	ibution	Local	Contribution	— Fed	eral Contri	bution

- Pre-K is available in all districts through a combination of private and public providers.
 Local school systems may have other requirements, and typically employ certified teachers. Nearly all public school Pre-K programs have certified teachers
- 3 New lead teachers must attend curriculum-specific training. For example, 60 clock hours are required for High/Scope.
- 4 Providers may apply for resource coordination grants to serve at-risk families. The Office of School Readiness awarded 309 such grants in 2001–2002, totaling \$18,400,000. Provision of such service is optional.
- 5 Breakfast and snack are optional in public schools, but snack is required in private child care centers.

53%

33%